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## **CLAIMS**

## We claim:

- 1. A targeting construct comprising:
  - (a) a first polynucleotide sequence homologous to a target gene, wherein the target gene is a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase geneg
  - (c) a second polynucleotide sequence homologous to the target gene; and
  - (d) a selectable marker.
- 2. The targeting construct of claim 1, wherein the targeting construct further comprises a screening marker.
- 10 3. A method of producing a targeting construct, the method comprising:
  - (a) obtaining a first polynucleotide sequence homologous to a magnesium dependent protein phosphatase gene;
  - (b) obtaining a second polynucleoxide sequence homologous to a magnesium dependent protein phosphatase gene;
  - (c) providing a vector comprising a selectable marker; and
  - (d) inserting the first and second sequences into the vector, to produce the targeting construct.
  - 4. A method of producing a targeting construct, the method comprising:
    - (a) providing a polynucleotide sequence homologous to a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase;
    - (b) generating two different fragments of the polynucleotide sequence;
    - (c) providing a vector having a gene encoding a selectable marker; and
    - (d) inserting the two different fragments into the vector to form the targeting , ćonstruct.
- 5. A cell comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene. 25
  - 6. The cell of claim 5, wherein/the cell is a murine cell.
  - 7. The cell of claim 6, wherein the murine cell is an embryonic stem cell.
  - 8. A non-human transgenic animal comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase.
- 30 9. A cell derived from the non-human transgenic animal of claim 8.

- 10. A method of producing a transgenic mouse comprising a disruption in a magnesiumdependent protein phosphatase gene, the method comprising:
  - (a) introducing the targeting construct of claim 1 into a cell;
  - (b) introducing the cell into a blastocyst;

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- (c) implanting the resulting blastocyst into a pseudopregnant mouse, wherein said pseudopregnant mouse gives birth to a chimeric mouse; and
- (d) breeding the chimeric mouse to produce the transgenic mouse.
- 11. A method of identifying an agent that modulates the expression of a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase, the method comprising:
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- (a) providing a non-human transgenic animal comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene;
- (b) administering an agent to the non-human transgenic animal; and
- (c) determining whether the expression of magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase in the non-human transgenic animal is modulated.
- 15 12. A method of identifying an agent that modulates the function of a magnesiumdependent protein phosphatase, the method comprising:
  - (a) providing a non-human transgenic animal comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene;
  - (b) administering an agent to the non-human transgenic animal; and

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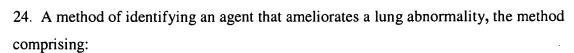
- (c) determining whether the function of the disrupted magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene in the non-human transgenic animal is modulated.
- 13. A method of identifying an agent that modulates the expression of magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase, the method comprising:
  - (a) providing a cell comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene;
  - (b) contacting the cell with an agent; and
  - (b) determining whether expression of the magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase is modulated.
- 14. A method of identifying an agent that modulates the function of a magnesium-30 dependent protein phosphatase gene, the method comprising:

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- (a) providing a cell comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene;
- (b) contacting the cell with an agent; and
- (c) determining whether the function of the magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene is modulated.
- 15. The method of claim 13 or claim 14, wherein the cell is derived from the non-human transgenic animal of claim 8.
- 16. An agent identified by the method of claim 11, claim 12, claim 13, or claim 14.
- 17. A transgenic mouse comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene, wherein the transgenic mouse exhibits a lung abnormality or an elevated white blood cell count.
  - 18. The transgenic mouse of claim 17, wherein the lung abnormality comprises pulmonary lesions.
  - 19. The transgenic mouse of claim 18, wherein the pulmonary lesions are consistent with pneumonia.
  - 20. The transgenic mouse of claim 17, wherein the transgenic mouse is heterozygous for a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene.
  - 21. The transgenic mouse of claim 17, wherein the transgenic mouse is homozygous for a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene.
- 22. A method of producing a transgenic mouse comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene, wherein the transgenic mouse exhibits a lung abnormality or an elevated white blood cell count, the method comprising:
  - (a) introducing a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene targeting construct into a/cell;
  - (b) introducing the cell into a blastocyst;
  - (c) implanting the resulting blastocyst into a pseudopregnant mouse, wherein said pseudopregnant mouse gives birth to a chimeric mouse; and
  - (d) breeding the chimeric mouse to produce the transgenic mouse comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene.
- 30 23. A cell derived from the transgenic mouse of claim 17 or claim 22, wherein the cell comprises a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene.

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- (a) administering an agent to a transgenic mouse comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene; and
- (b) determining whether the agent ameliorates the lung abnormality of the transgenic mouse.
- 25. The method of claim 24, wherein the lung abnormality comprises pulmonary lesions.
- 26. The method of claim 25, wherein the pulmonary lesions are consistent with pneumonia.
- 10 27. A method of identifying an agent that reduces white blood cell count, the method comprising:
  - (a) administering an agent to a transgenic mouse comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene; and
  - (b) determining whether the agent reduces white blood cell count in the transgenic mouse.
  - 28. A method of identifying an agent which modulates magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene expression, the method comprising:
    - (a) administering an agent to the transgenic mouse comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene; and
    - (b) determining whether the agent modulates magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene expression in the transgenic mouse, wherein the agent modulates a phenotype associated with a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene.
- 29. The method of claim 28, wherein the phenotype comprises a lung abnormality or anelevated white blood cell count.
  - 30. The method of claim 29, wherein the lung abnormality comprises pulmonary lesions.
  - 31. The method of claim 30, wherein the pulmonary lesions are consistent with pneumonia.
- 32. A method of identifying an agent which modulates a phenotype associated with a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene, the method comprising:

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- (a) administering an agent to a transgenic mouse comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene; and
- (b) determining whether the agent modulates the phenotype.
- 33. The method of claim 32, wherein the phenotype comprises a lung abnormality or an elevated white blood cell count.
  - 34. The method of claim 33, wherein the lung abnormality comprises pulmonary lesions.
  - 35. The method of claim 34, wherein the pulmonary lesions are consistent with pneumonia.
- 36. A method of identifying an agent which modulates magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene expression, the method comprising:
  - (a) providing a cell comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene;
  - (b) contacting the cell with an agent; and
  - (c) determining whether the agent modulates magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene expression, wherein the agent modulates a phenotype associated with a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene.
  - 37. The method of claim 36, wherein the phenotype comprises a lung abnormality or an elevated white blood cell count.
  - 38. The method of claim 37, wherein the lung abnormality comprises pulmonary lesions.
- 39. The method of claim 38, wherein the pulmonary lesions are consistent with pneumonia.
  - 40. A method of identifying an agent which modulates magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene function, the method comprising:
    - (a) providing a cell comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene;
      - (b) contacting the cell with an agent; and
      - (c) determining whether the agent modulates magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene function,
- (d) a phenotype associated with a disruption in a magnesium-dependent proteinphosphatase gene.

- 41. The method of claim 40, wherein the phenotype comprises a lung abnormality or an elevated white blood cell count.
- 42. The method of claim 41, wherein the lung abnormality comprises pulmonary lesions.
- 43. The method of claim 42, wherein the pulmonary lesions are consistent with pneumonia.
- 44. An agent identified by the method of claim 24, claim 27, claim 28, claim 32, claim 36, or claim 40.
- 45. A transgenic mouse comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene, wherein the transgenic mouse exhibits increased anxiety.
- 46. The transgenic mouse of claim 45, wherein the transgenic mice demonstrates a decrease in time spent in the central region of the open field test.
- 47. A transgenic mouse comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene, wherein the transgenic mouse exhibits an increased pain threshold.
- 48. The transgenic mouse of claim 45 or claim 47, wherein the transgenic mouse is heterozygous for a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene.
- 49. The transgenic mouse of claim 45 or claim 47, wherein the transgenic mouse is homozygous for a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene.
- 50. A method of producing a transgenic mouse comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene, wherein the transgenic mouse exhibits increased anxiety, the method comprising
  - (a) introducing a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene targeting construct into a cell.
  - (b) introducing the cell into a blastocyst;
  - (c) implanting the resulting blastocyst into a pseudopregnant mouse, wherein said pseudopregnant mouse gives birth to a chimeric mouse; and
  - (d) breeding the chimeric mouse to produce the transgenic mouse comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene.
- 51. A method of producing a transgenic mouse comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene, wherein the transgenic mouse exhibits increased pain threshold, the method comprising:

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- (a) introducing a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene targeting construct into a cell;
- (b) introducing the cell into a blastocyst;
- (c) implanting the resulting blastocyst into a pseudopregnant mouse, wherein said pseudopregnant mouse gives birth to a chimeric mouse; and
- (d) breeding the chimeric mouse to produce the transgenic mouse comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene.
- 52. A cell derived from the transgenic mouse of claim 45, claim 47, claim 50 or claim
- 51, wherein the cell comprises a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene.
- 53. A method of identifying an agent that ameliorates increased anxiety, the method comprising:
  - (a) administering an agent to a transgenic mouse comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene; and
  - (b) determining whether the agent ameliorates anxiety of the transgenic mouse.
- 54. A method of identifying an agent which modulates a phenotype associated with a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene, the method comprising:
  - (a) administering an agent to a transgenic mouse comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene; and
  - (b) determining whether the agent modulates anxiety.
- 55. A method of identifying an agent which modulates magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene function, the method comprising:
  - (a) administering an agent to a transgenic mouse comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene;
  - (b) determining whether the agent modulates magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene function, wherein the agent modulates anxiety.
- 56. An agent identified by the method of claim 53, claim 54, or claim 55.
- 57. A method of treating anxiety, the method comprising administering to a subject in need, a therapeutically effective amount of an agent that modulates the expression or activity of a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase.

- 58. The method of claim 57, wherein the agent is an agonist to a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase.
- 59. A method of treating anxiety, the method comprising administering to a subject in need a therapeutically effective amount of a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase.
- 5 60. The method of claim 59, wherein the magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase is encoded by a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene.
  - 61. The method of claim 60, wherein the magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene is comprised of SEQ ID NO:1.
- 62. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase.
  - 63. A method of treating anxiety, the method comprising administering to a subject in need a therapeutically effective amount of a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase.
  - 64. The method of claim 59, wherein the magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase is encoded by a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene.
- 15 65. The method of claim 60, wherein the magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene is comprised of SEQ ID NO:1.
  - 66. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase.
- 67. A method of reducing pain, the method comprising administering to a subject in need, a therapeutically effective amount of an agent that modulates the expression or activity of a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase.
  - 68. The method of claim 67, wherein the agent inhibits or reduces the expression or activity of a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase.
- 69. A method of identifying an agent that ameliorates or reduces pain, the method comprising:
  - (a) administering an agent to a transgenic mouse comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene; and
  - (b) determining whether the agent ameliorates or reduces pain in the transgenic mouse.
- 30 70. A method of identifying an agent which modulates a phenotype associated with a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene, the method comprising:

- (a) administering an agent to a transgenic mouse comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene; and
- (b) determining whether the agent modulates pain in the transgenic mouse.
- 71. A method of identifying an agent which modulates magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene function, the method comprising:
  - (a) administering an agent to a transgenic mouse comprising a disruption in a magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene;
  - (b) determining whether the agent modulates magnesium-dependent protein phosphatase gene function, wherein the agent alleviates or reduces pain in the transgenic mouse.
  - 72. An agent identified by the methods of claim 69, claim 70, or claim 71.